

INNOVATION IMPLEMENTATION EFFICIENCY IN EDUCATION

Soliev I

Abstract:

This article is focused on the meaning and content of innovation and innovative activity and the descriptions given to them by Uzbek scientists and scientists from foreign countries. Besides that the article comprises different opinions and approaches on the descriptions, attitudes articles given to “Innovation” and “Innovative activity” in the framework of the laws on “Innovative activity”, “Education” and “Science and scientific activity”.

From an economic point of view, modern globalization, digital economy, as well as the experience of developed countries in the conditions of the construction of Uzbekistan, international experience in the organization and support of investment activities, the question of interest is not only at the enterprise level, but also in higher educational institutions specialists of which also serves to reduce the risk of inflammation. And from a pedagogical point of view, the innovative processes practiced in the modern educational system are, first of all, in all areas of human activity related to the active use of digital technologies and primarily it is aimed at improving the quality and effectiveness of Education. In this regard with the professional innovation activity of students acquires a fundamentally different meaning.

The essence and content of innovative activities is that for students any innovation in the field of education is what is carried out by the teacher comes to the surface. That is, in the process of education, students from object to subject rotation depends primarily on the professional competence of the teacher.

Application of the president of the Republic of Uzbekistan to the Supreme Assembly of our country in order to achieve a modern rise in innovation development it is recognized that it entered the stage. "Innovation means the future. To establish that we will be great... it is on the basis of innovative ideas that we begin must.

It is not for nothing that we move on to the path of innovation development and the digital economy.

Because who will win in the current era, when the times are developing rapidly? November the idea is won by the state, which relies on a new idea, innovation.

"The purpose of creating the relevant legal framework provided for in the state program "year of development of Science, Education and digital economy" / adoption of the law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "on innovative activities" was an important step in the construction of new Uzbekistan. This law a new idea that guarantees our progress, accelerating it even more, a new one the development of discoveries, scientific developments and introduction into life strengthening legal mechanisms makes a important. Analysis of thematic literature in the law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "on innovation activities" defines "innovation"and" innovation activities "as follows:" innovation–included in civil circulation or used for personal needs, application of " innovative activities–new developments in the field of development, as well as their transfer and implementation in the field of production activities to ensure the increase", described[1].The concept of " innovation "is used to make its new life" innovation combinations", as a result of changes in the development of economic systems

At the beginning of the 20th century, the Austrian economist y.

In Schumpeter's scientific work. Schumpeter is considered to be one of the earliest scientists to apply the term scientifically in Economics in the 1900s. His own theory of" creative destruction" on the basis of innovation has studied the processes and activities of entrepreneurs other uses of existing items when creating new products and services proposed to be considered as modern methods. English professor W.R. Spencer describes" innovation is something we can use when we realize it, if it is completely new in a specific situation". Russian scientists A.Kulagin said that" innovation is innovation in innovation, production, institutional finance, scientific and technical and other fields". D.Fori's " innovational opportunities are regular knowledge to discover, use. In this in

combinatorial processes, the main aspect to be considered is knowledge".
I. Innovation "Balabanov" - to develop capital into a new technique or technology, Organization of production, labor, service and new forms of management, including new forms of control and accounting, derived from inclusion in planning and analysis methods, materialized is the result " he described as".

"Innovation "innovation (derived from English" innovation "innovation) - change the internal structure of the system is the main part of practice and theory", while innovation activity, " with new social requirements, is the development of innovative standards incompatibility. Updated standards of practice with existing norms aimed at solving complex circulation generated by the collision Activity " [2]. Researcher E.Gaffarov noted that " innovation is an invention that distinguishes the importance and ensures its successis new " [11].

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